

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 1 (Currently Amended): A polymer electrolyte fuel cell comprising:
a plurality of unit cells each having a proton exchange membrane, a fuel electrode
provided on one surface of the membrane and having a catalyst layer, and an oxidizer
electrode provided on the other surface of the membrane and having a catalyst layer;
plural plate reactant-gas supplying separators, a separator being provided between
respective opposed unit cells of the plurality of unit cells, each separator having, in its one
surface that contacts the an adjacent fuel electrode of ~~one a adjacent~~ unit cell, fuel-gas
supplying passages for supplying fuel gas to the fuel electrode, and having, in its opposite
surface that contacts the an adjacent oxidizer electrode of another ~~adjaceent~~ unit cell, oxidizer-
gas supplying passages for supplying oxidizer gas to the oxidizer electrode;
a fuel-gas manifold made in an edge part of the plate reactant-gas supplying ~~separator~~
separators;
a fuel-gas inlet section provided adjacent to the fuel-gas manifold in the plate reactant
gas supplying ~~separator~~ separators;
a water manifold made in another edge part of plate reactant-gas supplying separator
and passing through the plate reactant gas supplying ~~separator~~ separators; and
a water-supplying unit to supply water from the water manifold to the fuel-gas
supplying passages provided in the reactant-gas supplying ~~separator~~ separators, said water-
supplying unit comprising a header provided in the fuel gas inlet section to mix the fuel gas
with the water, and a water-supplying groove which is made in the same surface of the plate
reactant gas supplying ~~separator~~ separators as the fuel gas supplying passages and which
communicates with the header and the water manifold.

Claim 2 (Previously Presented): The polymer electrolyte fuel cell according to claim 1, further comprising:

a porous member which is arranged in the water-supplying groove and which has an average pore diameter of 20 μm or less, excluding 0 μm .

Claim 3 (Currently Amended). A power-generating system with polymer electrolyte fuel cells, comprising:

a plurality of unit cells each having a proton exchange membrane, a fuel electrode provided on one surface of the membrane and having a catalyst layer, and an oxidizer electrode provided on the other surface of the membrane and having a catalyst layer;

plural plate reactant-gas supplying separators, a separator being provided between respective opposed unit cells of the plurality of unit cells, each separator having, in its one surface that contacts the an adjacent fuel electrode of ~~one a adjacent~~ unit cell, fuel-gas supplying passages for supplying fuel gas to the fuel electrode and having, in its opposite surface that contacts the an adjacent oxidizer electrode of another ~~adjace~~nt unit cell, oxidizer-gas supplying passages for supplying oxidizer gas to the oxidizer electrode;

a fuel-gas manifold made in an edge part of the plate reactant-gas supplying separator separators;

a fuel-gas inlet section provided adjacent to the fuel-gas manifold in the plate reactant gas supplying separator separators;

a water manifold which is made in another edge part of plate reactant-gas supplying separator and passes through the reactant gas supplying separator separators; and

a water-supplying unit to supply water from the water manifold to the fuel-gas supplying passages made in the reactant-gas supplying separator separators, said water-supplying unit comprising a header provided in the fuel gas inlet section to mix the fuel gas

with the water, and a water-supplying groove which is made in the same surface of the plate reactant gas supplying ~~separator~~ separators as the fuel gas supplying passages and which communicates with the header and the water manifold;

a heat-recovering unit to recover heat of water from exhausted fuel gas and oxidizer exhaust gas which are discharged from the unit cells;

a recovered-water supplying unit to supply the water recovered in the heat-recovering unit; and

a water-amount control unit to control an amount of water supplied from the recovered-water supplying unit.

Claim 4 (Currently Amended): A power-generating system with polymer electrolyte fuel cells, comprising:

a plurality of unit cells, each having proton exchange membrane, a fuel electrode provided on one surface of the membrane and having a catalyst layer, and an oxidizer electrode provided on the other surface of the membrane and having a catalyst layer;

plural plate reactant gas supplying separators, a separator being provided between respective opposed unit cells of the plurality of unit cells, each separator having, in its one surface that contacts ~~the~~ an adjacent fuel electrode of ~~one~~ a adjacent unit cell, fuel-gas supplying passages for supplying fuel gases to the fuel electrode and having, in its opposite surface that ~~contact~~ contacts the an adjacent oxidizer electrode of another ~~adjace~~ adjacent unit cell, oxidizer-gas supplying passages for supplying oxidizer gas to the oxidizing electrode;

a fuel-gas manifold made in an edge part of the plate reactant-gas supplying ~~separator~~ separators;

a fuel-gas inlet section provided adjacent to the fuel-gas manifold in the plate reactant gas supplying ~~separator~~ separators;

a water manifold which is made in another edge part of plate reactant-gas supplying separator and passes through the reactant gas supplying ~~separator separators~~;

a water-supplying unit to supply water from the water manifold to the fuel-gas supplying passages made in the reactant-gas supplying ~~separator separators~~, said water-supplying unit comprising a header provided in the fuel gas inlet section to mix the fuel gas with the water, and a water-supplying groove which is made in the same surface of the plate reactant gas supplying ~~separator separators~~ as the fuel gas supplying passages and which communicates with the header and the water manifold;

a heat-recovering unit to recover heat of water from exhausted fuel gas and exhausted oxidizer gas which are discharged from the unit cells;

a recovered-water supplying unit to supply the water recovered in the heat-recovering unit to the unit cells; and

a water-amount control unit to control an amount of water supplied from the recovered water supplying unit, the water-amount control unit comprising a calculation unit to calculate an amount of water to be supplied, from the voltage of electric power generated by each unit cell and the load current of each unit cell, and a metering pump which controls the amount of the recovered water to be supplied, in accordance with a signal representing the result of calculation performed by the calculation unit.

Claim 5 (Currently Amended): A power-generating system with polymer electrolyte fuel cells, comprising:

a plurality of unit cells, each having proton exchange membrane, a fuel electrode provided on one surface of the membrane and having a catalyst layer, and an oxidizer electrode provided on the other surface of the membrane and having a catalyst layer;

plural plate reactant gas supplying separators, a separator being provided between respective opposed unit cells of the plurality of unit cells, each separator having, in its one surface that contacts the an adjacent fuel electrode of one a adjacent unit cell, fuel-gas supplying passages for supplying fuel gases to the fuel electrode and having, in its opposite surface that contacts the an adjacent oxidizer electrode of another adjacent unit cell, oxidizer-gas supplying passages for supplying oxidizer gas to the oxidizing electrode;

a fuel-gas manifold made in an edge part of the plate reactant-gas supplying separator separators;

a fuel-gas inlet section provided adjacent to the fuel-gas manifold in the plate reactant gas supplying separator separators;

a water manifold which is made in another edge part of plate reactant-gas supplying separator separators and passes through the reactant gas supplying separator;

a water-supplying unit to supply water from the water manifold to the reactant gas supplying passages made in at least one of the fuel electrode and oxidizer electrode, said water-supplying unit comprising a header provided in the fuel gas inlet section to mix the fuel gas with the water, and a water-supplying groove which is made in the same surface of the plate reactant gas supplying separator separators as the fuel gas supplying passages and which communicates with the header and the water manifold;

a heat-recovering unit to recover heat of water from exhausted fuel gas and exhausted oxidizer gas which are discharged from the unit cells;

a recovered-water supplying unit to supply the water recovered in the heat-recovering unit to the unit cells; and

a water-amount control unit to control an amount of water supplied from the recovered water supplying means, said water-amount control unit comprising a calculation unit which calculates an amount of water to supply, from the voltage of electric power

generated by each unit cell and the load current of each unit cell, wherein the calculation unit calculates the amount W of water (g/min) in accordance with the following equation, and the water-amount control means controls the supply of water to the fuel-gas supplying passages or oxidizer-gas supplying passages, in an amount up to 20 times the value W,

$$W = 30 \cdot I \cdot C \cdot (\Delta H / F - 2V) / h \quad (1)$$

where V is the voltage of electric power (V/cell), I is the load current (A), C is the number of basic units stacked, h is the latent heat of evaporation (J/g), DH is the enthalpy change (J/mol) that occurs when water the cell reaction generates water vapor, and F is the Faraday constant (C/mol).

Claim 6 (Previously Presented): The power-generating system according to claim 3, further comprising a porous member which is arranged in the water-supplying groove and which has an average pore diameter of 20 μ m or less, excluding 0 μ m.

Claim 7 (Previously Presented): The power-generating system according to claim 4, further comprising a porous member which is arranged in the water-supplying groove and which has an average pore diameter of 20 μ m or less, excluding 0 μ m.

Claim 8 (Previously Presented): The power-generating system according to claim 5, further comprising a porous member which is arranged in the water-supplying groove and which has an average pore diameter of 20 μ m or less, excluding 0 μ m.